



Center for Asian Health Equity

Asian Health Coalition
University of Chicago Medicine

HBV Testing Linkage to Care Webinar

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Clinician Advisory Board includes Cook County Health & Hospitals System (CCHHS) Ruth M. Rothstein CORE Center, Chicago Department of Public Health, University of Chicago Medicine, Sinai Health System Touhy Health Center, Heartland Health Center

Provider Partners are Touhy Health Center (Sinai Health System) and Heartland Health Center

10 Community-based Partner Organizations



Asian American Demographics in Illinois: The Diversity

Country Of Origin	Rounded Estimate
South Asian	203,000
Filipino	110,000
Chinese	95,000
Korean	64,000
Vietnamese	25,000
Japanese	17,000
Thai	6,500
Laotian	6,000
Cambodian	4,000
Other Asian	22,000
TOTAL	552,500

Chicago Metropolitan Area has the 6th Largest Asian American Population In the Nation

65% of Asians in Illinois are Foreign Born

80% Speak a Language Other Than English

32.8% Speak English “Less Than Well” (9.6% for IL State)

12% Poverty Rate for Asian Individuals Age 65 and Over (8.9% for IL State)



Less Than 1 in 5 Uninsured Asian Americans in Illinois Receives Care at a Community Health Center

	ASIAN POPULATION		
	TOTAL ASIANS	% ASIAN UNINSURED	UNINSURED
CALIFORNIA	4,900,963	14.8%	725,343
NEW YORK	1,433,875	16.4%	235,156
TEXAS	969,500	21.6%	209,412
NEW JERSEY	725,077	16.3%	118,188
HAWAII	530,937	6.3%	33,449
ILLINOIS	590,174	16.3%	96,198

SAFETY-NET PATIENTS BY ETHNICITY		
ASIAN	TOTAL	% ASIAN
160,040	2,937,212	5.4%
63,748	1,417,414	4.5%
8,002	948,685	0.8%
9,533	432,328	2.2%
26,652	130,309	20.5%
15,547	1,092,164	1.4%

The lack of culturally competent health service delivery in Illinois suggests the large majority of medically indigent are still displaced from access to care.

Community-based organizations play a critical role to mitigate the infrastructure gap through community health promotion/self-management and prevention programs.



Hepatitis Education and Prevention Program (HEPP)

Established in 2005

Multilevel intervention addressing gaps in hepatitis B education, screening and vaccination

Socioecological framework

Address individual, community, organization and policy level changes (social determinants of health)

Community Health Workers



HEPP Accomplishments 2006-2011

Activity	Year						Total
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011*	
People Educated	3,495	4,787	7,800	6,029	8,031	2,743	32,885
No. Group Educations	56	49	32	47	47	33	264
No. Health Fair Events	0	9	8	12	15	19	63
No. Referred for Screening/Immunization	1,432	3,770	3,318	5,672	3,105	197	17,494
Brochures Distributed	2,555	1,343	3,476	6,060	2,455	1620	17,509
Adults Screened at AHC Organized Events	405	401	276	270	311	476	2,139

Despite enormous success, failure in adequate linkage to care



Our Clinic Partners



- Single hospital-affiliated refugee health center
- FQHC network with 15 community, school, and behavioral health centers
- One site has a single Hepatitis Patient Navigator (HPN) and the other has a team of three HPNs
- Both located on Chicago's northside



Our Community Partners

- Work with 10 community-based organizations that serve multiple Asian and African ethnicities
- CBOs have connection and trust with community
- Provide culturally and linguistically competent Hepatitis B education and outreach
- Link and refer community to clinics to be screened for Hep B

B형간염이 걸리도록 두지 마십시오.

I Will NOT Let Hepatitis B Win!

Asians and Africans Born Outside the United States are at High Risk for Hepatitis B

But There Is a Vaccine for Hepatitis B and YOU Can Do Something About It!

1. Get Tested With a Simple Hepatitis B Screening
2. Get Vaccinated to Protect Yourself and Your Family
3. Talk to Your Doctor Today to Learn More

我不会让B型肝炎(乙肝)得逞!

Tôi Sẽ Không Để Viêm Gan B Chiến Thắng!



Community Partners



Primary Care Provider Partners

Heartland Health Centers
Touhy Health Center

HBV Treatment Specialists

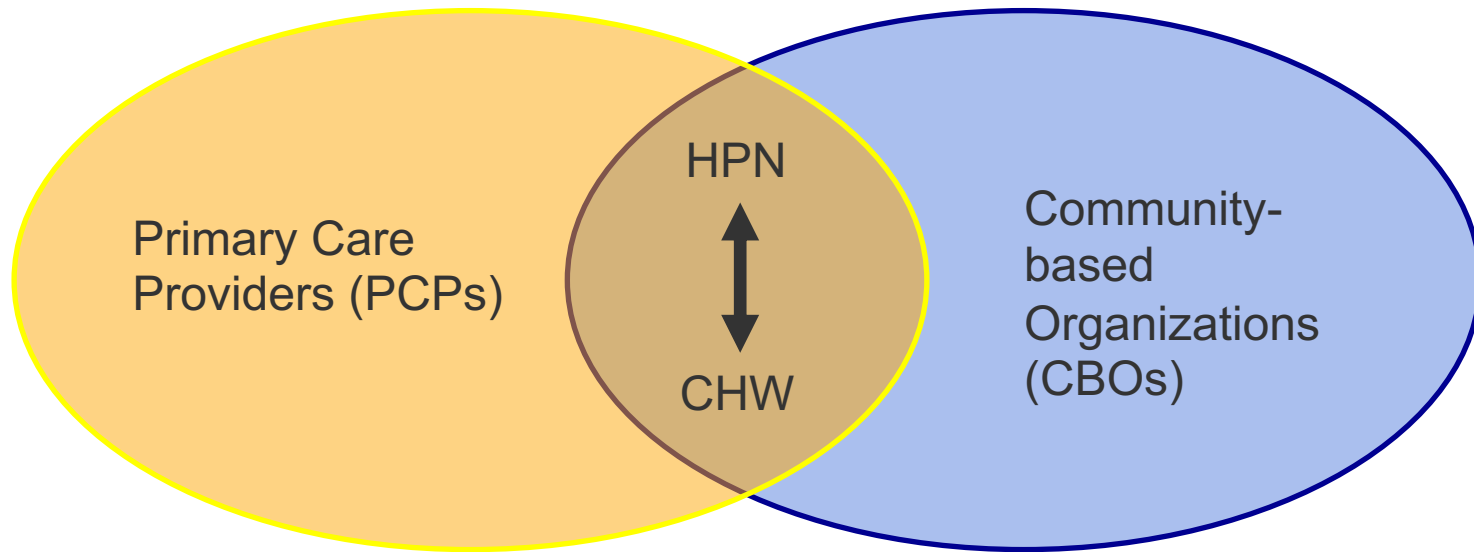
- University of Chicago Medical Center
- Ruth M. Rothstein CORE Center

Community-Based Organizations

Korean American Community Services
Cambodian Association of Illinois
Chinese Mutual Aid Association
Lao American Organization of Elgin
Alliance for Filipino Immigrant Rights
and Empowerment
Hanul Family Alliance
Vietnamese Association of Illinois
Muslim Women Resource Center
**Ethiopian Community Association of
Chicago**
Hamdard Health
United African Organization



Hepatitis Patient Navigation-Community Health Worker Partnership



- CHWs and HPNs will have joint:
 - Reciprocal site and facility visits
 - Cultural competency training
 - Translation phone line training
 - HBV education and training
 - Medical Process and Linkage-to-care training



PNS-CHW Linkage

System Redesign

Hepatitis Patient Navigators (HPNs) will be assigned at each location

- > Notify individuals of results
- > Vaccinate susceptible patients at risk
- > *Case Management for HBsAg+ patients – refer for additional lab testing, refer and schedule specialty care, assist with access and navigate barriers

Community Sites

- Community-Health Workers (CHWs)
 - > Provide culturally relevant education
 - > Encourage screening at Health Centers or Free events
 - > Notify patients of screening results
 - > *Refer patients to local providers and PCP sites for vaccination and care of chronically infected

**** CHWs and HPNs work together to ensure patients schedule and make appointments****

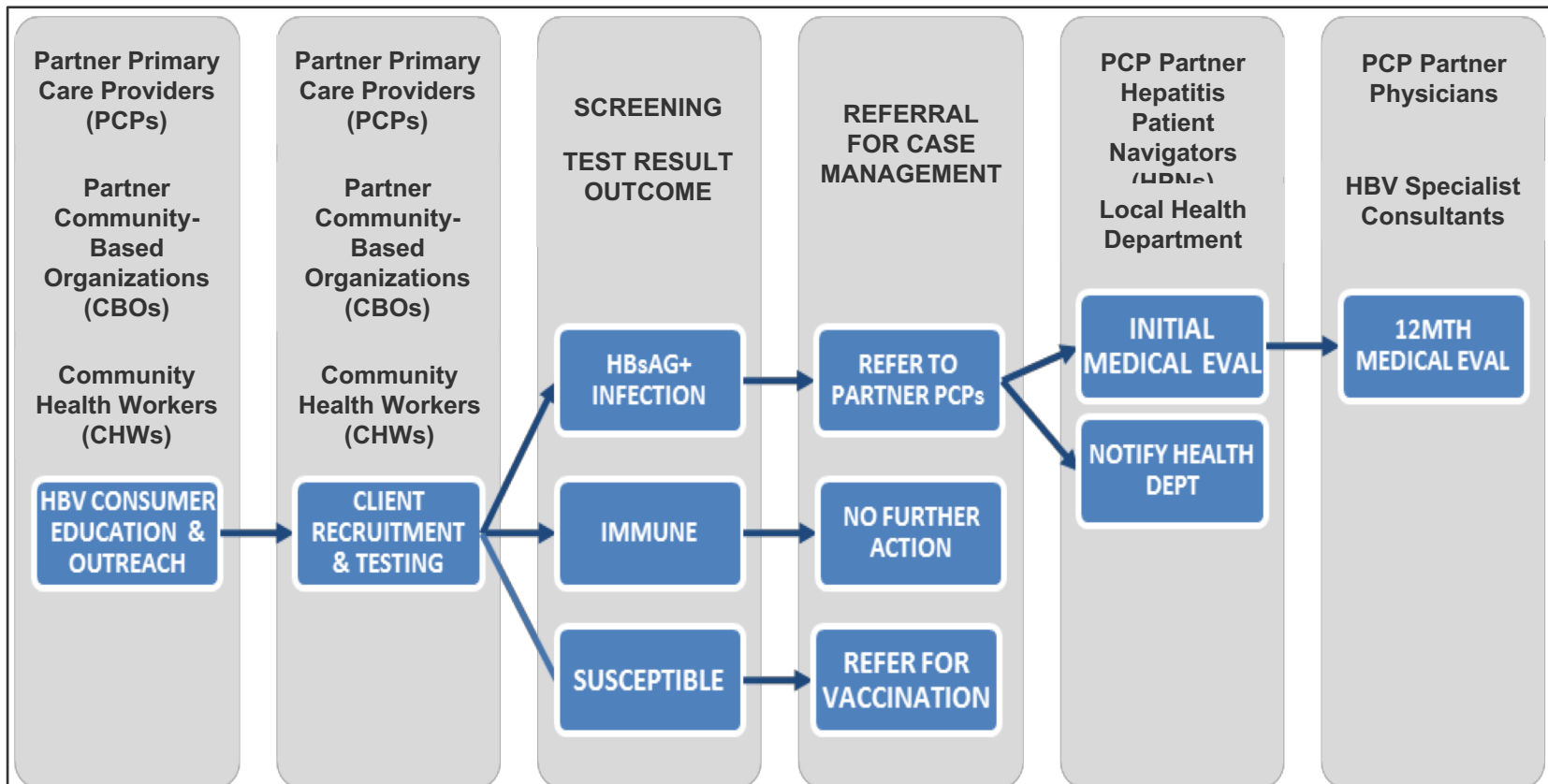


Patient Navigation

- Our Hepatitis Patient Navigators (HPNs)
 - Work with CBO's/CHWs to link community members to care
 - Identify potential high risk patients and “flag” them for HBV screening in the EMR
 - Hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg)
 - Hepatitis B core antibody (anti-HBc)
 - Hepatitis B surface antibody (anti-HBs)
 - Ensure anyone who tests Hepatitis B positive attend necessary follow-up medical visits, including referral to specialty care as needed
 - Work with HBV patients to help alleviate any potential challenges to health care service



Organizational Chart for Linkages to Lead Agency and Partners

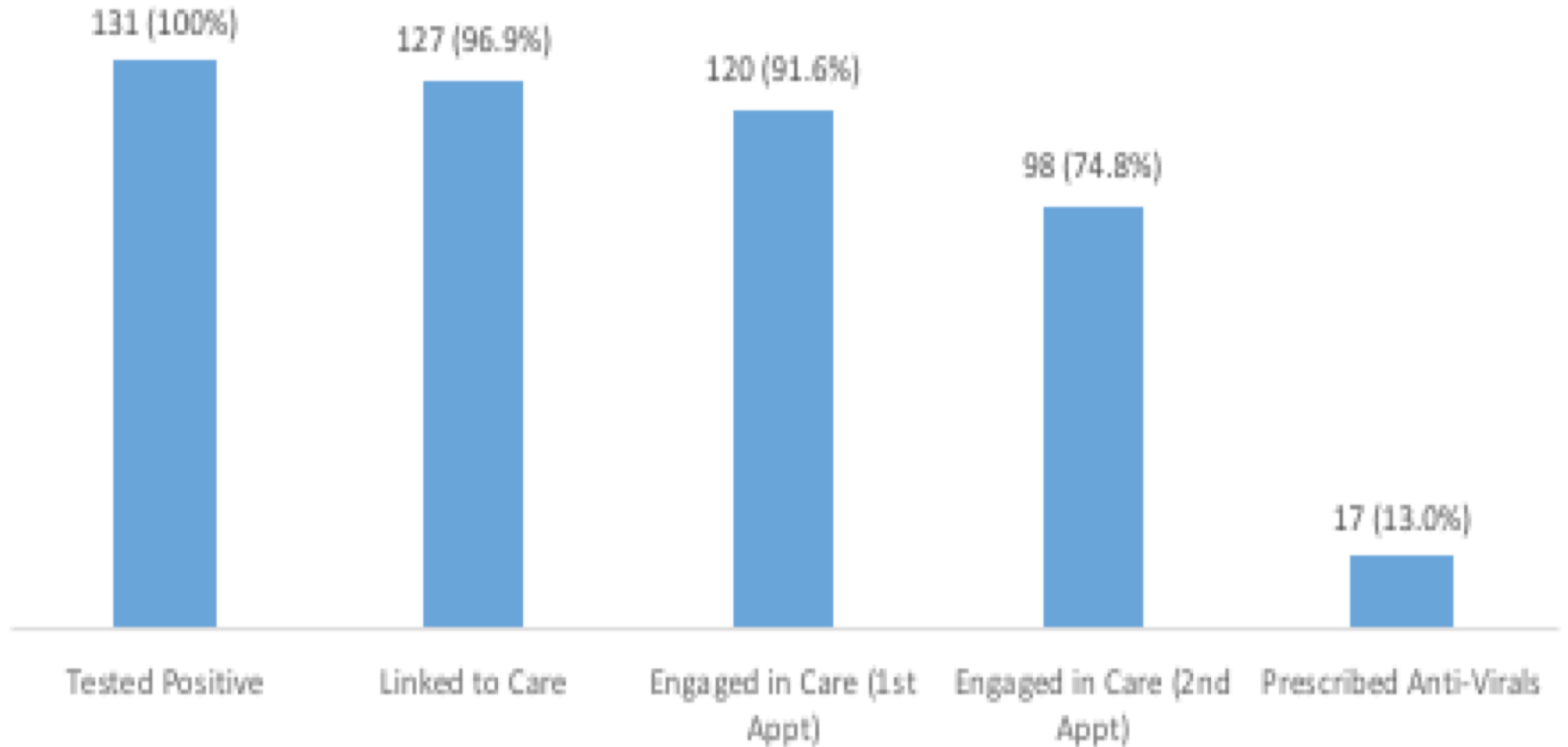


Community Health Workers → **Hepatitis Patient Navigators** →



CHB Care Continuum

HBV Cascade of Care



Program Successes- Provider and staff education

- Provided bi-annual HBV education to both providers and frontline staff
- Provider education was provided by medical professional and included:
 - Screening guidelines
 - Vaccination guidelines
 - Treatment guidelines
- Frontline staff education included:
 - HBV 101
 - Screening guidelines
 - Vaccination guidelines



Program Successes- Provider Recognition

- Provided a quarterly newsletter that recognized clinics and providers that screened the most individuals for HBV
 - This was determined by looking at the number of flagged patients during that given time and the number of those identified patients that were then screened
- Found that recognition helped with “pop up fatigue” and put a priority on HBV screening increasing screening rates



Program Successes- EMR Modifications

- Started collecting country of birth within the EMR to help identify potential individuals that need to be screened
- Enabled pop-ups that allowed for patient navigators to “flag” at-risk patients. Providers can then follow up on the flag and order the screening if needed.
- Modified EMR with “AHC HBV Panel” (HBsAg, anti-HBc, anti-HBs) to allow for easy “one-click” test ordering

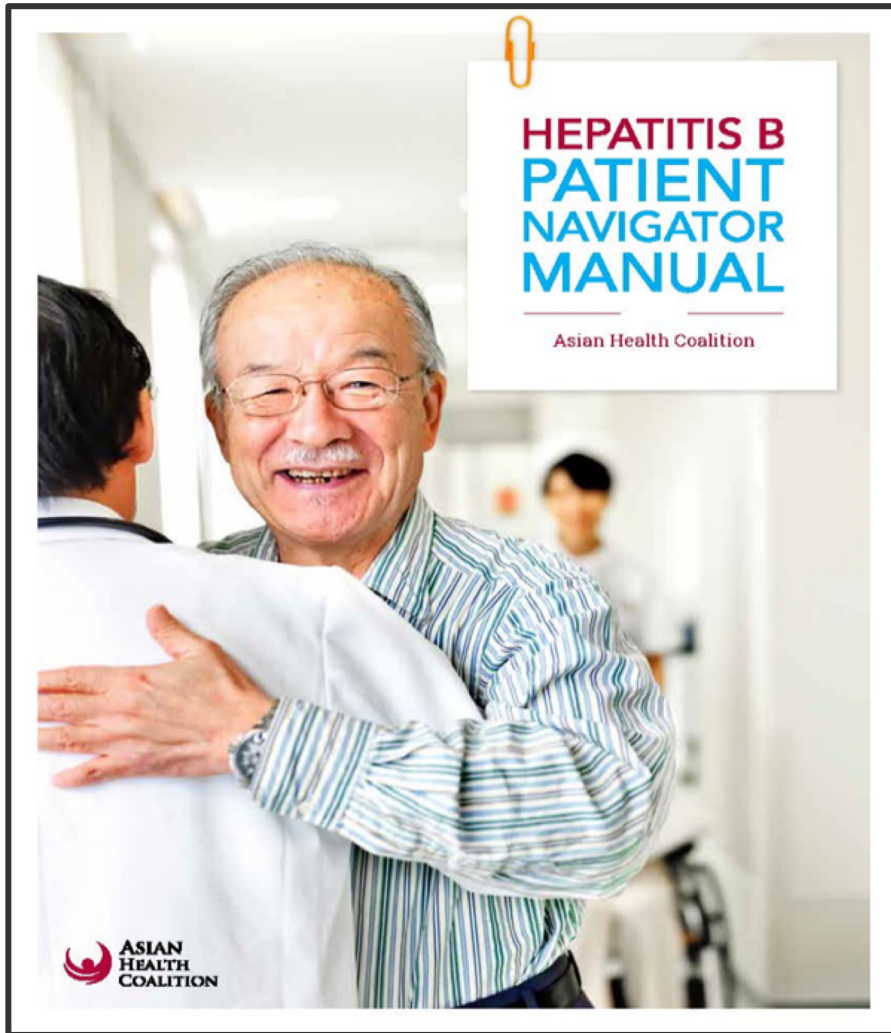


What We Learned

- Every clinic is different (policy, process, provider practices)
- Provider education, progress updates, and recognition can increase HBV priority and screening
- Small changes (EMR pop-ups, easy check boxes, intake forms that collect COB) make a big difference
- Hepatitis B Patient Navigators are key to HBV+ patient linkage and engagement with care



Sharing Our Successes: HPN Manual



- A training and resource guide for HPNs
- Released in Spring 2016
- Disseminated to over 170 different partners nationwide



Conclusion

Our current data suggests a community-based Patient Navigator – Community Health Worker Partnership is successful in screening, notifying and navigating patients into medical care for chronic HBV infection

We have shown that community based screening is as effective in linking patients to care as clinic based screening using a HPN-CHW model

